

American National Standards (ANS)-Related Appeals Process Guidance: Appeals at the Standards Developer Level – Procedural Issues to Consider

Note: this document is informative only and does not supersede any requirements set forth in the ANSI Essential Requirements: due process requirements for American National Standards (www.ansi.org/essentialrequirements)

- 1. An appeals process that is intended to satisfy ANSI's procedural requirements as established in the ANSI Essential Requirements (www.ansi.org/essentialrequirements) should clearly indicate that the Appeals Panel will be populated by fair and impartial individuals.
 - Documented and published Conflict of Interest procedures are useful in ensuring a fair appeals panel.
- 2. The consensus body that voted on the standard under appeal cannot be the sole appeals panel that reviews and adjudicates procedural issues.
 - The consensus body may be one level of a multi-level process, but there must be a separate fair, impartial and unbiased body that makes the final decision.
- 3. A minimum size for an appeals panel and the voting requirements associated with it should be specified. Information about how an appeals panel is selected or appointed should also be stated.
- 4. Time periods associated with an appeals process should be established and made known to all parties.
- 5. For each established time period, e.g., appeals filing period, referenced in a developer's procedures, the text should specify whether the "days" are in calendar days or exclude Saturdays, Sundays and other holidays.
 - Deadlines for the following should be stated: any informal resolution phase (if applicable); appeals filing period; appeals response deadline; deadline for submittal of all related documentation; deadline for appeals fee (if applicable); deadline for any claims of conflict of interest; deadline for the identification of participants in the appeals process; other.
- 6. Unless otherwise specified, if an appeals procedure does not require an in-person hearing, a teleconference or other suitable electronic means can be considered.

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- 7. A written appeals decision must be issued to appellants. Such a decision should be clear and complete, allowing all those involved and third parties to understand the decision and the basis for it.
- 8. When responding to an appeal, the following guidance may be helpful:
 - The developer's response should:
 - Excerpt each argument and provide a specific response for each, both clearly labeled.
 - Reference relevant procedural history, including pertinent dates, communications, meetings and procedural citations.
 - Ensure that each point /response is succinctly made.
 - Ensure that the response is objective and professional in tone.
 - Ensure that relevant deadlines are stated.
- **9.** The following language, which is contained in the *ANSI Essential Requirements*, is intended to mean that all appellants are treated equally and so an appeals fee may not vary from person to person (except when a fee waiver or reduction is granted) or from one appeal to the next:

If a fee for a procedural appeal is charged, then it shall be predetermined, fixed and reasonable. A procedure for requesting a fee waiver or fee reduction shall be available.

Consideration of a fee waiver or fee reduction request should be approached in a consistent and fair manner to ensure that final decisions are not arbitrary.

- 10. Standards developers should not instruct appellants to submit developer-level appeals documentation to ANSI. All eligible would-be appellants whose names are required to be provided to ANSI via the BSR-9 form will be sent written notice by ANSI of the right to appeal a standard's approval as an ANS. The relevant appeals process is described in the Operating Procedures of the ANSI Board of Standards Review (BSR).
 - ANS approved by ANSI-Accredited Standards Developers that also hold the status of ANSI
 Audited Designator are subject to a separate complaint process detailed in the Operating
 Procedures of the ANSI Executive Standards Council (ExSC).
 - 11. The Operating Procedures of the ANSI Board of Standards Review (BSR) and of the ANSI Executive Standards Council (ExSC)¹, respectively, contain appeals processes as well as Conflict of Interest provisions that may be adapted for use in connection with developer level appeals procedures.

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¹All ANS-related procedures are available at <u>www.ansi.org/asd</u>.